In the claims:

- 1. (Currently Amended) A composition-of-matter comprising a sustained-release carrier, said carrier comprises a cross-linked biocompatible silicone polymer and a therapeutically effective amount of a chlorinated isocyanurate for treating a skin or mucosal membrane ailment caused by a human papilloma virus (HPV), said chlorinated isocyanurate being entrapped in or by said polymer, and said cross-linked polymer releasing said chlorinated isocyanurate upon hydration and/or diffusion.
- 2. (Original) The composition-of-matter of claim 1, wherein said polymer is a conformable polymer.
- 3. (Original) The composition-of-matter of claim 1, wherein said polymer is a flexible polymer.
- 4. (Original) The composition-of-matter of claim 1, wherein said polymer is a spreadable polymer.
 - 5-12. (Canceled).
- 13. (Previously Presented) The composition-of-matter of claim 1, wherein said chlorinated isocyanurate is selected from the group consisting of trichloro(iso)cyanurate and sodium dichloro(iso)cyanurate.
 - 14-16. (Canceled).
- 17. (Currently Amended) The composition-of-matter of claim 161, wherein said cross-linked silicone polymer comprises a silicone rubber.

- 18. (Currently Amended) The composition-of-matter of claim 161, wherein said cross-linked silicone polymer is prepared by a process selected from the group consisting of a room temperature vulcanization, an elevated temperature vulcanization and a radiation.
- 19. (Original) The composition-of-matter of claim 18, wherein said cross-linked silicone polymer is prepared by said room temperature vulcanization of at least one silicone oil.
- 20. (Previously Presented) The composition-of-matter of claim 1, wherein said silicone polymer further comprises at least one additive selected from the group consisting of a filler, a salt, a sugar, a glycerin and a glycol.
- 21. (Previously Presented) The composition-of-matter of claim 1, wherein said silicone polymer has a form selected from the group consisting of a gel, a paste, a cream, a foam, a sheet and a solution.
- 22. (Previously Presented) The composition-of-matter of claim 1 wherein said silicone polymer is arranged in at least one sheet.
- 23. (Previously Presented) The composition-of-matter of claim 1, wherein said silicone polymer is arranged in a plurality of sheets, whereas said oxidizing agent is entrapped between said sheets.
- 24. (Previously Presented) The composition-of-matter of claim 1, wherein said silicone polymer is arranged in a tubular structure.
- 25. (Previously Presented) The composition-of-matter of claim 1, wherein said chlorinated isocyanurate is present at a concentration ranging between 10 weight % and 90 weight % of the total weight of said composition.

- 26. (Currently Amended) A pharmaceutical composition comprising, as an active ingredient, a therapeutically effective amount of a chlorinated isocyanurate for treating a skin or mucosal membrane ailment caused by human.papilloma.virusHPV, said chlorinated isocyanurate being entrapped in or by a pharmaceutical sustained-release carrier, said carrier comprises a cross-linked silicone polymer. wherein said-cross-linked polymer releases said chlorinated isocyanurate upon hydration and/or diffusion.
- 27. (Original) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 26, wherein said polymer is a conformable polymer.
- 28. (Original) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 26, wherein said polymer is a flexible polymer.
- 29. (Original) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 26, wherein said polymer is a spreadable polymer.
 - 30-34. (Canceled).
- 35. (Original) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 26, packaged and identified for the treatment of said skin or mucosal membrane ailment.
 - 36-41. (Canceled).
- 42. (Previously presented) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 26, wherein said chlorinated isocyanurate is selected from the group consisting of trichloro(iso)cyanurate and sodium dichloro(iso)cyanurate.
 - 43-45. (Canceled).

- 46. (Previously Presented) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 26, wherein said cross-linked silicone polymer comprises a silicone rubber.
- 47. (Currently Amended) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 4526, wherein said cross-linked silicone polymer is prepared by a process selected from the group consisting of a room temperature vulcanization, an elevated temperature vulcanization and a radiation.
- 48. (Original) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 47, wherein said cross-linked silicone polymer is prepared by said room temperature vulcanization of at least one silicone oil.
- 49. (Currently Amended) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 4526, wherein said silicone polymer further comprises at least one additive selected from the group consisting of a filler, a salt, a sugar, a glycerin and a glycol.
- 50. (Currently Amended) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 4526, wherein said silicone polymer has a form selected from the group consisting of a gel, a paste, a cream, a foam, a sheet and a solution.
- 51. (Previously Presented) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 26, wherein said silicone polymer is arranged in at least one sheet.
- 52. (Previously Presented) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 26, wherein said silicone polymer is arranged in a plurality of sheets, whereas said oxidizing agent is entrapped between said sheets.
- 53. (Previously Presented) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 26. wherein said silicone polymer is arranged in a tubular structure.

- 54. (Previously Presented) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 26, wherein said chlorinated isocyanurate is present at a concentration ranging between 10 weight % and 90 weight % of the total weight of said pharmaceutical composition.
 - 55. (Canceled).
- 56. (Currently Amended) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 5526, wherein said hydration is effectable by body fluids.
- 57. (Currently Amended) A method of treating a skin or mucosal membranes ailment caused by <u>human papilloma virusHPV</u>, the method comprising applying onto a treated region of the skin or mucosal membranes a therapeutically effective amount of a chlorinated isocyanurate being entrapped in or by a pharmaceutical sustained-release carrier, said carrier comprises a <u>cross-linked</u> biocompatible silicone polymer, wherein said biocompatible silicone polymer releases said chlorinated isocyanurate upon hydration and/or diffusion.
- 58. (Original) The method of claim 57, wherein said biocompatible polymer is a conformable polymer.
- 59. (Original) The method of claim 57, wherein said biocompatible polymer is a flexible polymer.
- 60. (Original) The method of claim 57, wherein said biocompatible polymer is a spreadable polymer.
 - 61-64. (Canceled)
- 65. (Original) The method of claim 57, further comprising wetting said treated region prior to said applying.

66-71. (Canceled).

72. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 57, wherein said chlorinated isocyanurate is selected from the group consisting of trichloro(iso)cyanurate and sodium dichloro(iso)cyanurate.

73-75. (Canceled).

- 76. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 57, wherein said cross-linked silicone polymer comprises a silicone rubber.
- 77. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 7557, wherein said cross-linked silicone polymer is prepared by a process selected from the group consisting of a room temperature vulcanization, an elevated temperature vulcanization and a radiation.
- 78. (Original) The method of claim 77, wherein said cross-linked silicone polymer is prepared by said room temperature vulcanization of at least one silicone oil.
- 79. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 57, wherein said silicone polymer further comprises at least one additive selected from the group consisting of a filler, a salt, a sugar, a glycerin and a glycol.
- 80. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 57, wherein said silicone polymer has a form selected from the group consisting of a gel, a paste, a cream, a foam, a sheet and a solution.
- 81. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 57, wherein said silicone polymer is arranged in at least one sheet.

- 82. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 57, wherein said silicone polymer is arranged in a plurality of sheets, whereas said oxidizing agent is entrapped between said sheets.
- 83. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 57, wherein said silicone polymer is arranged in a tubular structure.
 - 84. (Canceled).
- 85. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 8457, wherein said hydration is effectable by body fluids.

86-157. (Canceled).

- 158. (Currently Amended) A method of preparing a pharmaccutical composition for treating a skin or mucosal membranes ailment caused by human papilloma virusHPV, the method comprising polymerizing cross-linking a mixture of a silicone polymer and a chlorinated isocyanurate, so as to obtain said chlorinated isocyanurate entrapped within said a cross-linked silicone polymer formed upon polymerization cross-linking, said cross-linked silicone polymer being a sustained release carrier of said chlorinated isocyanurate and releases said chlorinated isocyanurate upon hydration and/or diffusion.
- 159. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 158, further comprising polymerizingcross-linking a second silicone polymer so as to obtain a second polymerized silicone polymer and filling said second polymerized silicone polymer with said mixture of said silicone polymer and said chlorinated isocyanurate, wherein said second polymerized silicone polymer comprises a cross-linked silicone polymer.

- 160. (Currently Amended) A method of preparing a pharmaceutical composition for treating a skin or mucosal membranes ailment caused by <u>human papilloma virusHPV</u>, the method comprising polymerizingcross-linking a silicone polymer so as to form a <u>cross-linked polymerized silicone polymer and loading said polymerized silicone polymer with a chlorinated isocyanurate, so as to obtain said chlorinated isocyanurate entrapped within said polymerized silicone polymer, wherein said silicone polymersaid cross-linked silicone polymer being a sustained-release carrier of said chlorinated isocyanurate and releases said chlorinated isocyanurate upon hydration and/or diffusion comprises a cross linked silicone polymer.</u>
- 161. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 160, wherein said loading precedes said polymerizingcross-linking.
- 162. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 160, wherein said polymerizing cross-linking precedes said loading.
- 163. (Currently Amended) A method of preparing a pharmaceutical composition for treating skin or mucosal membranes ailments caused by <u>human papilloma virus IPV</u>, the method comprising polymerizing cross-linking a silicone polymer and applying thereon a chlorinated isocyanurate, so as to obtain said chlorinated isocyanurate entrapped within said polymerized silicone polymer, said cross-linked silicone polymer being a sustained-release carrier of said chlorinated isocyanurate and releases said chlorinated isocyanurate upon hydration and/or diffusion.